

GENERALI GROUP

# INVESTOR DAY



**GENERALI**  
GROUP

LONDON, FOUR SEASONS HOTEL - JANUARY 14<sup>th</sup>, 2013

## Agenda

- 11:30**                    **Reshaping Generali: discipline, simplicity and focus**  
Mario Greco, Group Chief Executive Officer
- 12:15**                                       **Balance sheet, cash and cost discipline**  
Alberto Minali, Group Chief Financial Officer
- 13:00**                                       **Lunch break**
- 14:15**                                       **Towards industrial excellence**  
Sergio Balbinot, Group Chief Insurance Officer
- 15:00**                                       **Q&A Session**
- 16:15**                                       **Closing remarks**  
Mario Greco, Group Chief Executive Officer



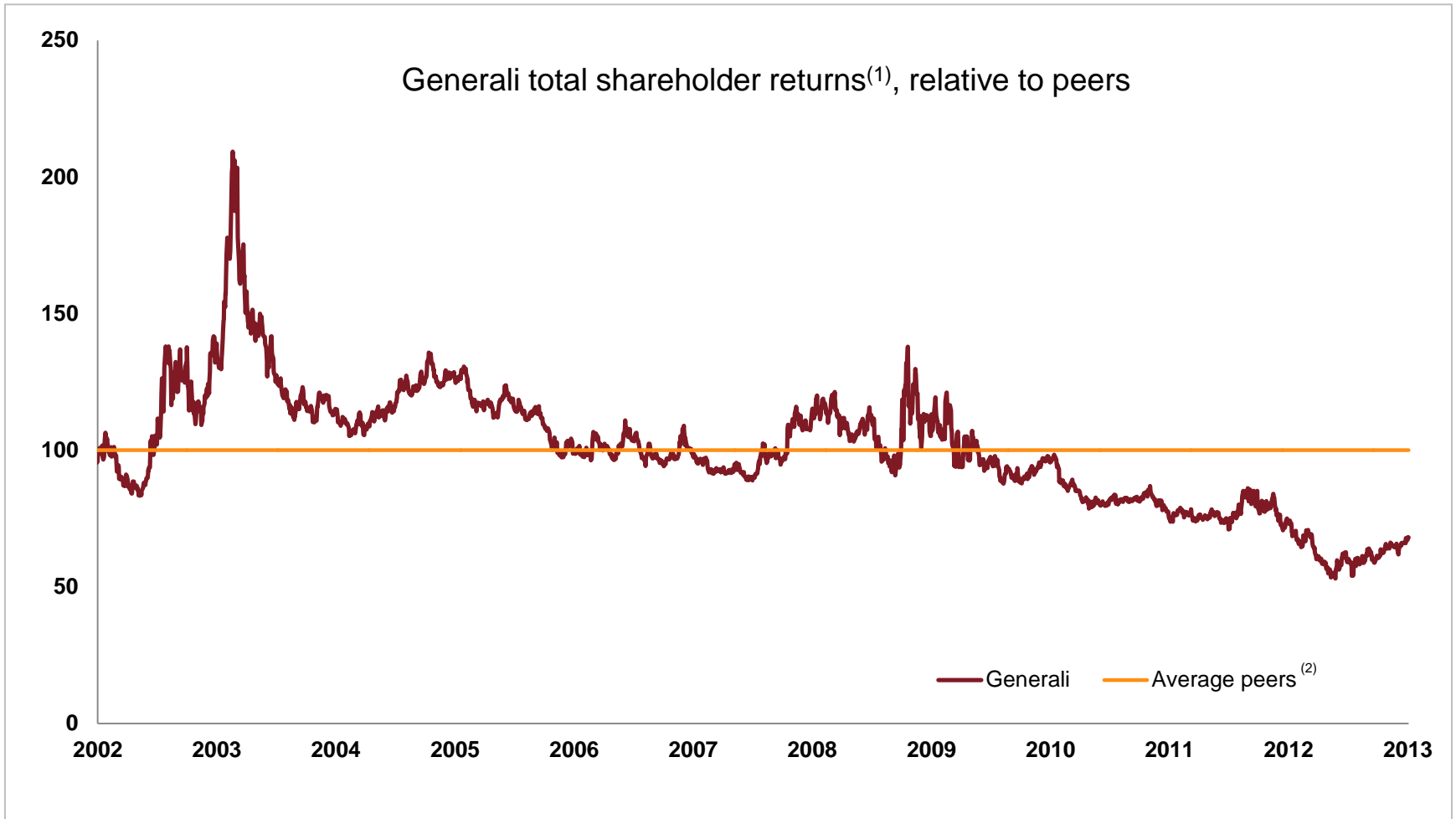
# Reshaping Generali: Discipline, simplicity and focus

Mario Greco  
Group Chief Executive Officer



LONDON, FOUR SEASONS HOTEL - JANUARY 14<sup>th</sup>, 2013

## One simple mission: to significantly improve shareholder returns



(1) Total return index (data as at 10/01/2013)

(2) Allianz, AXA, Zurich



## Strengths

- § **Highly regarded brand**
- § **Strong core franchise**
  - ü leadership in key mature European markets
  - ü distinctive presence in high growth CEE and China
- § **Strong agency network and well positioned direct distribution platform**
- § **Growing P&C business with sound underlying operating profitability**
- § **Robust life operating profitability despite challenging financial environment**

## Identified priorities

- 1 Enhance management team and governance structure**
- 2 Remove uncertainty on GPH**
- 3 Refocus on core business**
- 4 Strengthen capital and balance sheet**
- 5 Introduce tighter control of the cost base**

## Appointment of a cohesive and effective management team and implementation of a rigorous corporate governance framework

1.a

### Creation of international Group Management Committee (GMC)

- § 10 representatives: CEO, CFO, Chief Insurance Officer, CIO, CRO, COO, Head of Global Business Lines and country heads for Italy, France and Germany
- § In charge of sharing and discussing the main topics of the Group

1.b

### Management structure review

- § Enhancement of the management structure. Internal talent complemented by external hires (Alberto Minali as new Group CFO, Nikhil Srinivasan as new Group CIO and Carsten Schildknecht as new Group COO)
- § Redefinition of the CFO, CIO and CRO roles
- § Definition of new functions: Chief Insurance Officer, COO, Global Business Lines, Strategy & Business development, integrated Legal / Compliance / Corporate Affairs functions

1.c

### Rigorous decision process implemented

- § Introduction of three new management committees: product, capital management / ALM, finance
- § Identification of six key processes: capital management, annual planning, performance management, ALM, product development and M&A
- § Reinforcing these committees and processes with strict documentation procedures (proposer, approval rationale, approver)

## Areas for development

## Actions already taken

2

### Remove uncertainty on GPH

#### The GPH transaction removes uncertainty

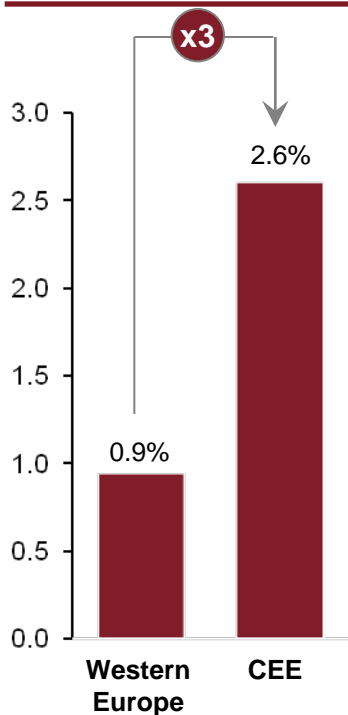
- § Fixed price, with clear timing
- § Significant reduction in contractual complexity
- § Two-tranche payment giving funding flexibility

#### Clear strategic benefits

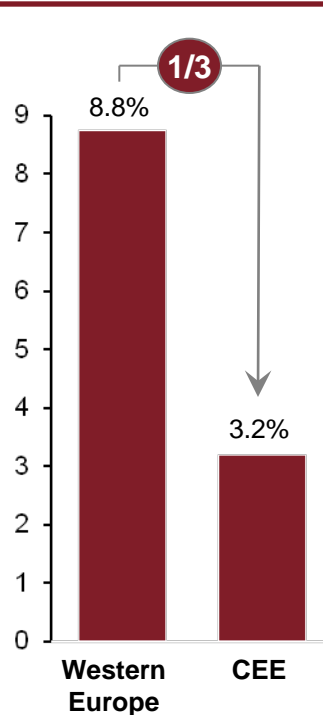
- § CEE is an area of strategic focus – significantly higher growth expected than in Western Europe
- § GPH well positioned in the market
- § Full management control from first tranche allows us to better integrate into Generali and extract more value

## CEE has a robust growth outlook, and historically solid profitability

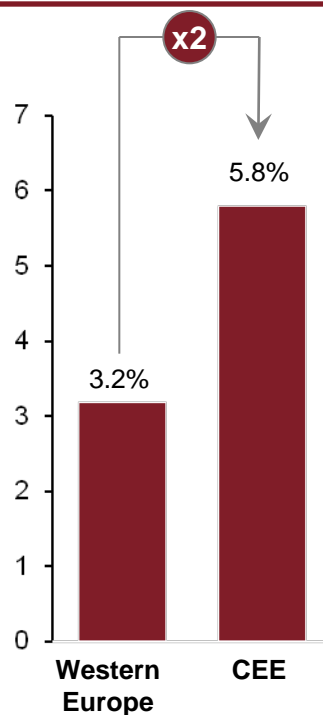
**GDP growth**  
CAGR '11-'17, %, real terms



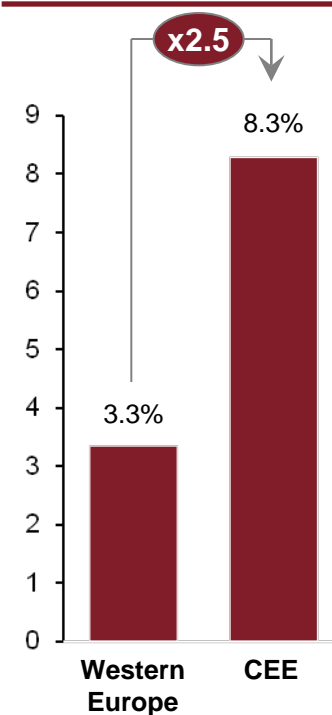
**Insurance penetration**  
GWP/ GDP, 2011, %



**GWP growth**  
CAGR '11-'17, %



**Profitability**  
PAT/GWP, avg '07-'11, %



Note: Western Europe includes Austria, Belgium, France, Germany, Ireland, Italy, Netherlands, Portugal, Spain, Switzerland, UK

Note: For Croatia and Czech Rep. PAT/GWP relates to 2007-10, Montenegro based on major players' data

Note: CEE includes 10 countries in Central Europe and South-Eastern Europe: Czech Republic, Hungary, Poland, Slovakia, Slovenia, Serbia, Romania, Bulgaria, Croatia and Montenegro

Source: Regulators / Supervisors and Insurance associations of the respective countries, internal analysis, EIU





Poland			
P&C	234	4%	8
Life	216	3%	11
Pensions	2,712	5%	6

Hungary			
P&C	304	22%	2
Life	144	9%	4
Pensions	39	1.5%	17

Slovakia			
P&C	107	11%	3
Life	84	7%	4
Pensions	667	15%	3

Czech Rep.			
P&C	1,076	37%	1
Life	559	30%	1
Pensions	2,432	25%	1

Romania			
P&C	99	7%	5
Life	22	6%	4
Pensions	133	10%	3

- § GPH<sup>(1)</sup> covers the whole CEE region, is active in 10 countries with aggregate market share of ~6%<sup>(2)</sup>
- § Strong competitive position, with leading market shares in most countries and room for substantial improvement in others
- § Deep product capabilities across both life and P&C businesses
- § Strong growth momentum and operating margins seen across the businesses
- § Well capitalised balance sheet
- § Extensive distribution capabilities and strong brand recognition
- § Best in class combined ratio

Slovenia			
P&C	67	5%	6
Life	20	4%	7
Pensions	21	1%	

Croatia			
P&C	27	3%	9
Life	17	5%	9
Pensions	-	-	-

Bulgaria			
P&C	30	4%	10
Life	5	4%	10
Pensions	-	-	-

Serbia			
P&C	82	18%	3
Life	24	25%	1
Pensions	32	27%	2

Montenegro			
P&C	7.3	13%	3
Life	-	-	-
Pensions	-	-	-

### Legend

P&C	GWP EURm	Market share	Ranking
Life	GWP EURm		
Pensions	AuM EURm		

(1) Pro-forma for carve-out of CIS business

(2) Based on aggregate GWP in markets where GPH operates

## Areas for development      Actions already taken

3

### Refocus on core business

- § Approved plan to restructure Italian operations
- § Renegotiated and completed sale of Migdal
- § Launched disposal of selected non core businesses

4

### Strengthen capital and balance sheet

- § Euro 1.25 bn LT2 issuance successfully completed in December 2012
- § Launched a detailed review of balance sheet items

5

### Tighter control of the cost base

- § Simplify group structures and remove duplication
- § Centralised reinsurance policy
- § Group-wide expense program to enhance operational efficiency



## Reshaped approach to maximise value creation

- 1 Focused on core insurance business, with greater contribution from P&C**
- 2 Stronger capital position and disciplined balance sheet management**
- 3 Superior customer acquisition and retention, with focus on retail and affluent space**
- 4 Consistent technical excellence and tight control of costs**



**The mission is to deliver  
top quartile shareholder returns and profitability**

## Key actions

## Execution plan

### 1 Focus on core business

- § Insurance focus
- § Optimise geographic reach
- § Run-off / disposal of non core businesses
- § Shift mix in the direction of P&C

### 2 Restore capital strength

- § Introduce risk adjusted profitability and cash creation targets for each line of business
- § Business/geographical rebalancing to reduce capital absorption
- § Balance sheet optimisation
- § Target >160% Solvency 1 ratio, "AA" philosophy

### 3 Change approach to clients

- § Better client segmentation and product innovation to drive a more targeted approach to clients and improve retention
- § Achieve a true multi-channel distribution model, with increased contribution from bancassurance and direct channels
- § Tap unexploited demand from affluent clients in life, and corporate clients in P&C

### 4 Consistent technical excellence and tight control of costs

- § Business restructuring and simplification (incl. Italy)
- § Improvement/centralisation of IT and non IT procurement costs
- § Embed technical best practice, led from centre
- § Euro 0.6 bn cost reduction by 2015



**Target > 13% operating return on equity<sup>(1)</sup>**

(1) Operating profit after interest expense and tax / average shareholders equity excl. AFS reserves. Over the cycle target.

## We start from a strong franchise...

### Leadership in Western Europe

- § Generali's home market; leading and diversified presence
- § Scope to generate higher value creation than in the past by reviewing product design, technical skills, approach to clients, and cost base
- § Strong cash generation to be deployed to expand Generali's presence in countries with strong growth profile

### One of the largest players in CEE

- § Strong position in an attractive market: #3 insurance group in the region
- § Highly profitable business, with best-in-class combined ratio

### Unique positioning in China

- § Strong presence in the most important Asian markets
- § Consistently #1 player among foreign joint-venture insurers in China; partnership with CNPC
- § Leveraging on multi-channel distribution (agencies, bancassurance, CNPC)

## ...but there is scope to reshape the geographical presence under value creative conditions

### § Footprint assessed on two key criteria:

- ü Market attractiveness (macro indicators, insurance market size, insurance penetration, country political / regulatory situation)
- ü Generali's position (scale, profitability, return on capital)

### § Based on the market assessment we have identified:

- ü Mature countries where we further focus on maximising return, e.g. Italy, France, Germany, Switzerland, Austria, Spain and Czech Republic
- ü High growth countries where Generali has promising opportunities and where we will invest to enhance competitive position and profitability (CEE and China among others)
- ü Non core markets where we will run-off (or opportunistically sell) non-strategic operations (US reinsurance and BSI, among others)

### Rebuilding a solid capital position is a key priority for Generali

#### Our objectives:

##### § Restore capital ratios

- ü Target > 160% Solvency 1
- ü Long term “AA” philosophy to managing our solvency position

##### § Manage our debt levels

- ü Leverage and interest coverage ratios consistent with our “AA” philosophy

##### § Disciplined investment strategy

##### § Greater attention to cash

- ü In excess of Euro 2 bn run-rate cash flow targeted by 2015



#### Focus on the client to improve retention and acquisition

- § Develop more sophisticated client database and enhance exchange of data across units and channels
- § Build on our expertise in Direct
- § Enhance client segmentation as a key driver to refine our product strategy
  - ü innovative tailored products for each segment of business
  - ü identification of best distribution channel for each client segment
- § Invest in product innovation, especially in Life

#### Tap unexploited market segments

- § Implement a specific product / distribution strategy to target affluent clients
- § Enhance the penetration of the Corporate and Commercial client segments
- § Expand our Accident & Health business with particular focus on emerging markets



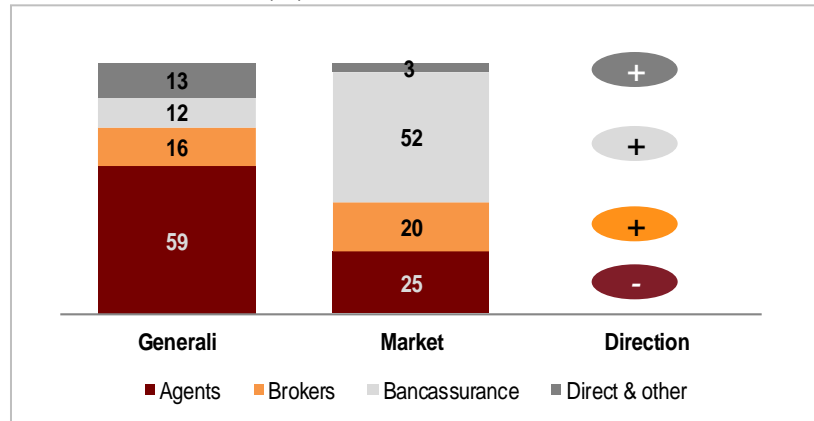


## Enhance the multi-channel profile of our distribution

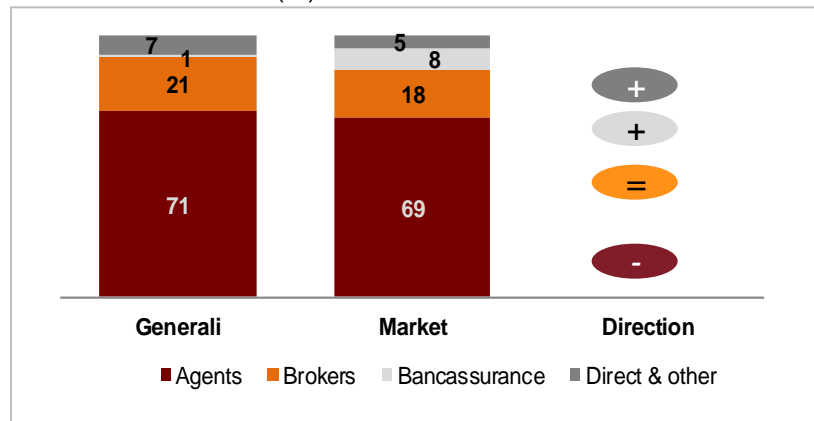
- § Multi-channel approach to reflect changing client needs and expectations
- § Continue to build on our direct expertise
- § Leverage on bancassurance to:
  - ü increase share of life capital-light products in Western Europe, Asia and LatAm
  - ü further boost P&C
- § Enhance the use of broker channel to enhance penetration of Corporate and Commercial clients segment

Source: internal analysis

Life distribution (%)



P&C distribution (%)



## Italian restructuring

### Industrial case

- § Creation of a strong new player in the Italian market
  - ü Full consolidation of businesses / brands with similar characteristics in terms of target customers, products and distribution models (Generali, Ina-Assitalia, Toro, Fata Assicurazioni)
  - ü Three insurance brands with a distinctive market positioning and proposition
    1. Generali: focus on retail and middle market business, Life and P&C; dedicated Commercial & Corporate business unit
    2. Alleanza: Italian families strongly loyal to Alleanza brand; Life and P&C; distinctive distribution network
    3. Genertel: Life and P&C through alternative channels (phone, web, bancassurance)
- § Enhanced efficiency
  - ü Full integration of the operating models and streamlining of overlapping services

	Pre restructuring	Post restructuring
<b>Brand</b>	10 brands	3 brands
<b>Distribution</b>	6 distinct independent distribution networks	Sole integrated distribution network with shared mandate and brand
<b>Products</b>	Overlapping of product offer within the Group	Simplification and rationalisation of the product portfolio
<b>Operations</b>	IT and operations only partially centralised	Integrated platform

### Indicative timetable

- § 2013 Legal entity reorganisation (split between holding and operating company, creation of Assicurazioni Generali Italia)
- § 2014 Integration of operational structures, product ranges and information systems
- § 2015 Commercial integration



### We will implement Euro 600 m of cost saving initiatives by FY2015

**A**

#### **Simplify structure**

§ Synergies to be extracted from the rationalisation of the Italian and other operations

**B**

#### **IT efficiency**

§ Centralisation of data centre, IT procurement and telecommunication costs

**C**

#### **Other procurement savings**

§ Enhanced negotiation power via centralised procurement

**1 Be disciplined, focused and more simple in executing our strategy**

**2 Improve client experience across our business**

**3 Introduce consistent technical excellence**

**4 Strengthen our balance sheet and capital position  
and enhance cash flow and value generation**



# Balance sheet, cash and cost discipline

Alberto Minali  
Group Chief Financial Officer



LONDON, FOUR SEASONS HOTEL - JANUARY 14<sup>th</sup>, 2013

## Consistent financial discipline and oversight across activities

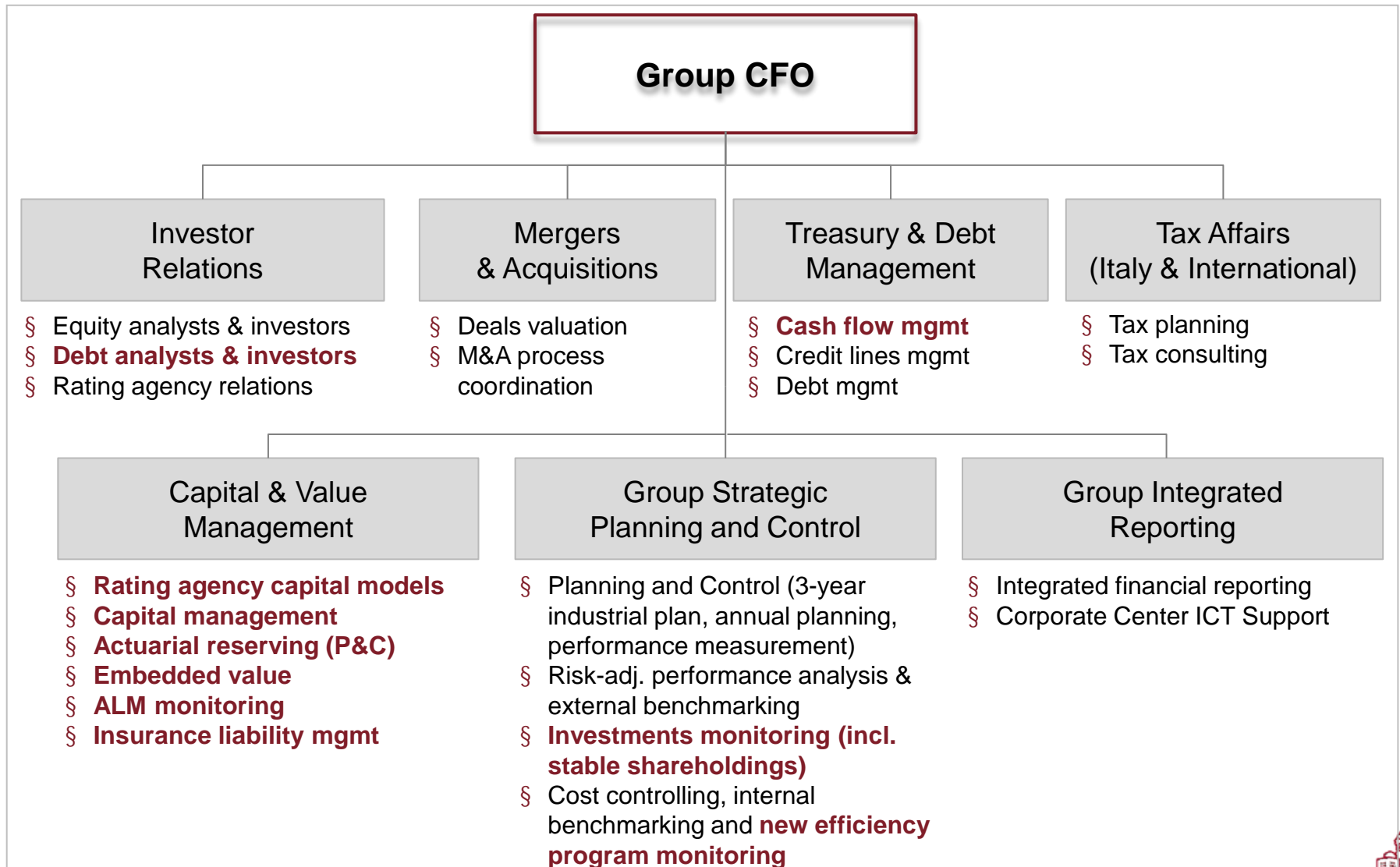
**A new approach to finance in Generali**, in order to introduce financial rigour and consistency in all the main group decisions:

- 1 Strengthen capital and manage leverage ratios** to improve competitive position, ambition for “AA” level of capital strength
- 2 Enhance long term sustainable profitability** with strict return criteria for business and capital deployment decisions, ex-ante product approval process, expense optimisation
- 3 Invest** our assets in a disciplined and conservative way
- 4 Improve cash-flows** from our business - crucial for healthy, sustainable dividends



**Returning Generali to a value creation story**



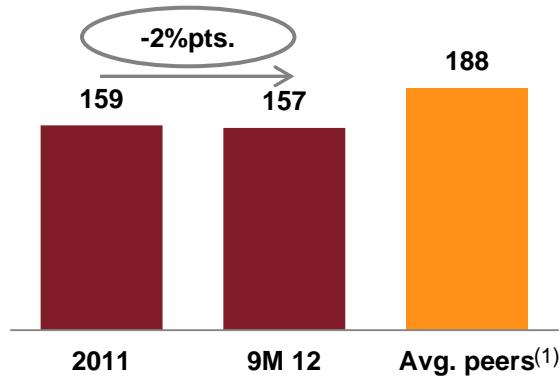


**New responsibilities / areas of focus**

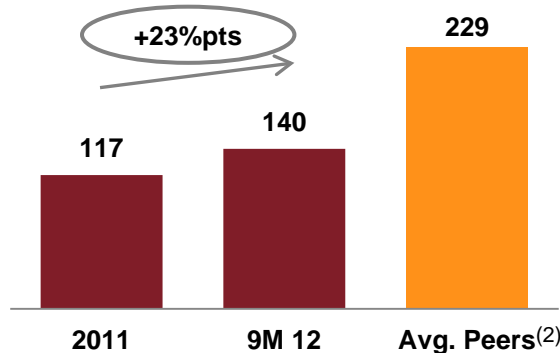


## Enhancing capital ratios is a key priority for Generali

**Economic solvency (%)**  
(99.5% confidence level)



**Solvency 1 (%)**



### Comments

- § Generali steers its business on an economic view, but carefully monitors the Solvency 1 position of the Group
- § Our long term ambition is to run with capital ratios consistent with an “AA” credit rating
- § Economic solvency allows limited comparability with peers, given different methodologies and models
- § S1 ratio of Generali currently in line with historical levels, but impacted by volatile market conditions in the last 18 months
- § Both measures are below the average level of our peers (though comparability again difficult)

**We target at least 160% Solvency 1, with philosophy of “AA” strength on other measures**

(1) AXA (99.5% confidence level, Jun-12), Allianz (99.5% confidence level, Sep-12), ZFS (99.0% TVaR, Jun-12)

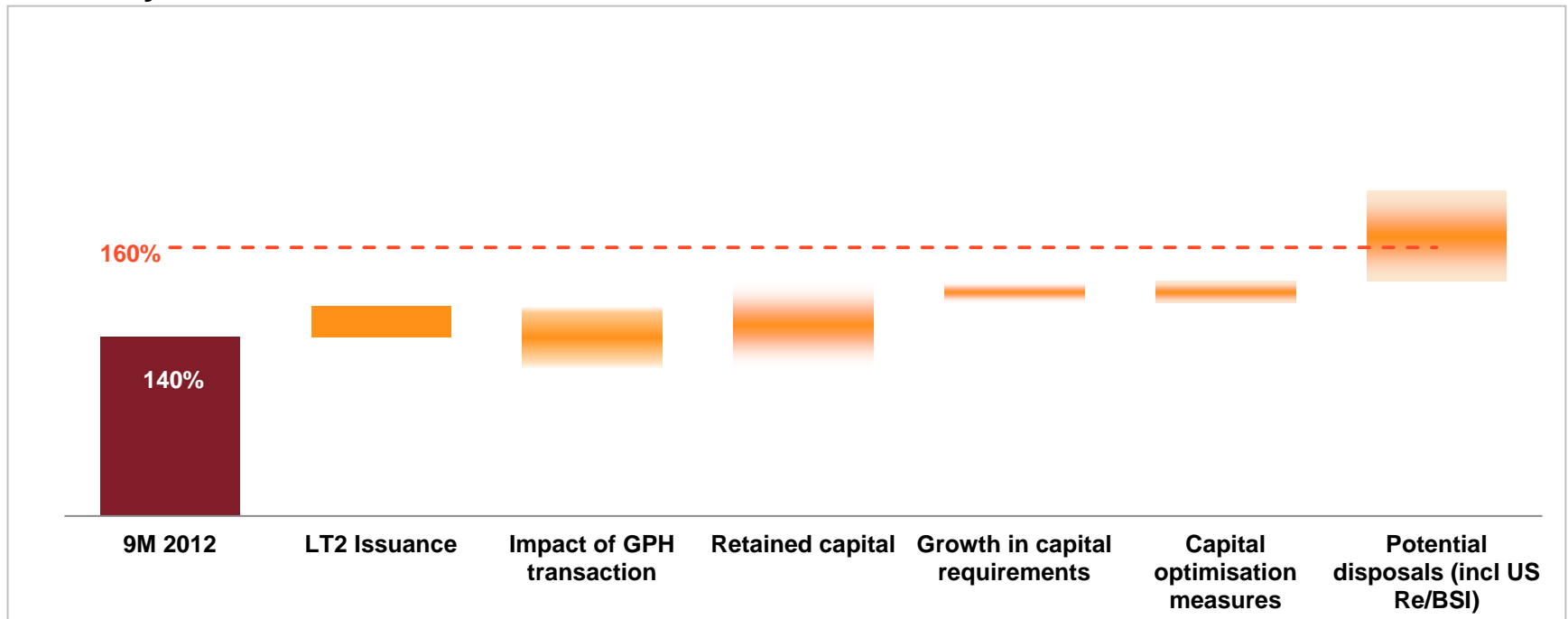
(2) Allianz, AXA, Zurich





# 1 Strengthen capital: the journey to reach our S1 capital target

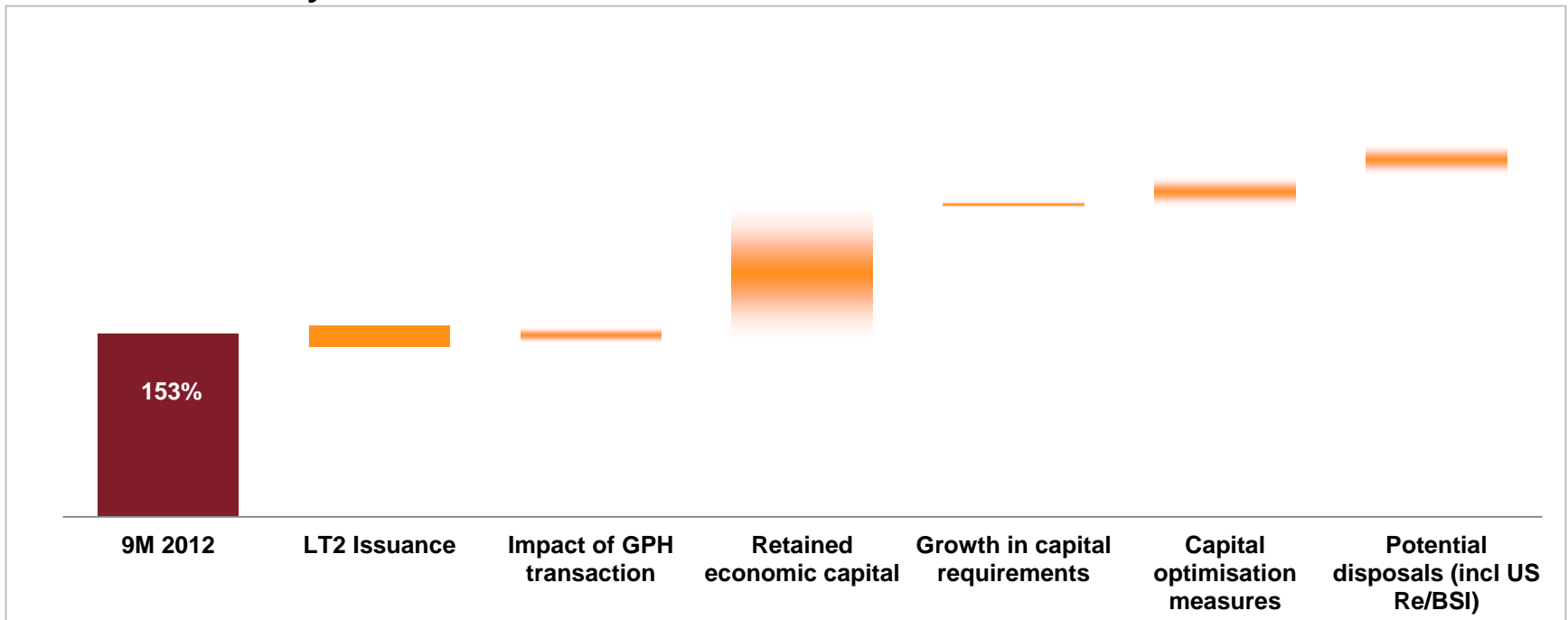
## Solvency 1 ratio: indicative walk to 2015



- § The chart does not anticipate mark to market impacts post Q3, which if they remain, will be positive
- § We have significant flexibility around disposals (chart = indicative only)
- § Working assumption of 40% pay out ratio

# 1 Strengthen capital: economic solvency development

## Economic solvency: indicative walk to 2015



- § The chart does not anticipate mark to market impacts post Q3, which if they remain, will be positive
- § More significant impact of retained capital due to VIF accretion
- § More than 2x covered (against 99.5% VaR requirement) on these assumptions by 2015



1

## Business / capital optimisation measures

### Financial operations

- § Portfolio de-risking
- § Optimise debt structure
- § VIF monetisation

### Products

- § Optimise product offering, by reducing guaranteed products
- § Enhance diversification
  - ü Business mix shift towards P&C
  - ü Diversify earnings streams in Life

### Risk management

- § Enhance use of reinsurance
- § Hedging

2

## Improve technical performance

- § Focus on technical margins and risk capital consumption
- § Manage policyholders' profit participation

3

## Cost reduction

- § Cost efficiency programme targeting savings of Euro 600 m

4

## Exit from non core businesses

- § Exit from US Re, BSI. Other disposals to be considered

## Key priorities

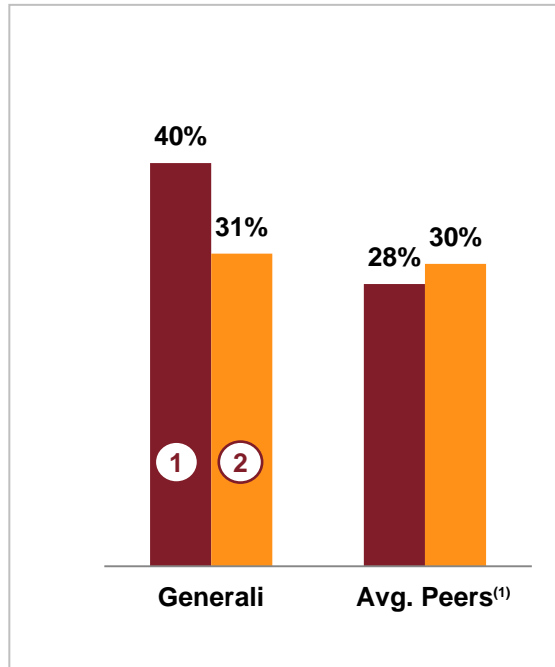
- § Short term, achieve resolution of various credit watches / reviews
- § Longer term, enhance our capital structure (quantity and quality) to be consistent with AA / equivalent rating
- § Continue to develop Enterprise Risk Management framework

## Focus on Italian restructuring

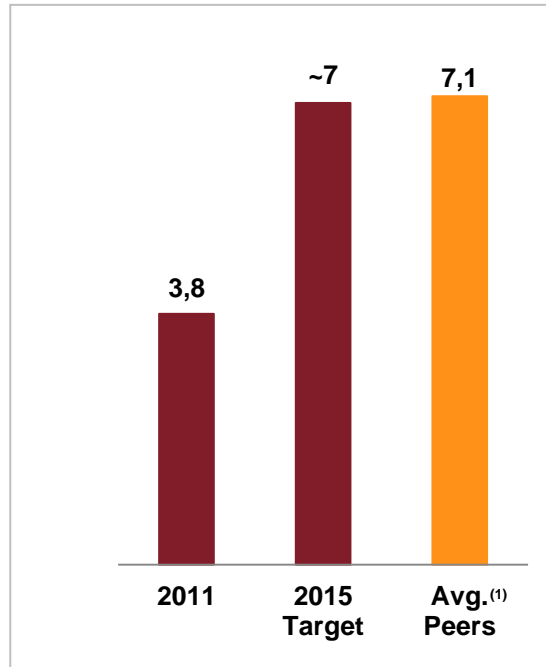
- § We will engineer the Group restructuring in order to prevent negative impact from a ratings perspective
- § Limited weight of the holding insurance operations on the total holding cash flow
- § Restructuring will be done in such a way as to not prejudice holding company cash flow position

## Generali's leverage position vs. peers

Leverage ratio (2011)



Interest coverage (x) (2)



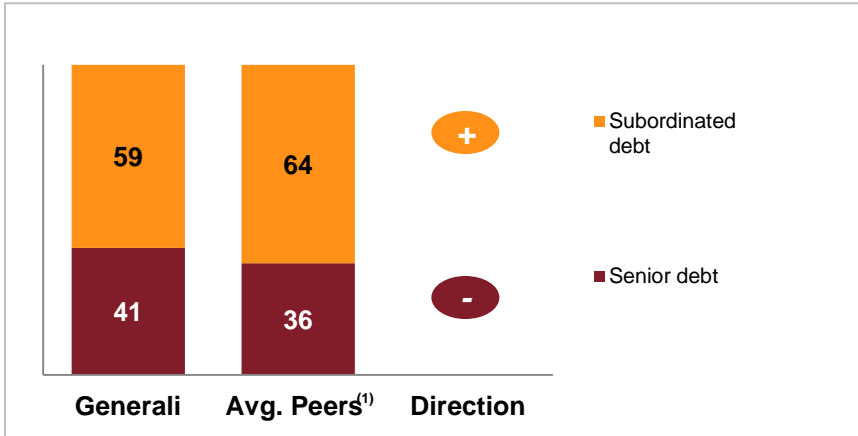
- § Generali's leverage ratio is high compared to peers on a book value basis, though more in line with peers based on rating agency metrics (e.g. Moody's)
- § The interest coverage ratio is lower than we would like
- § **We aim to improve leverage ratios, and increase interest cover to ~7x**
- § **We will manage debt ratios to be consistent with our "AA" capitalisation ambition**

- ① Leverage ratio: Financial debt / [ Financial debt + Book value (gross of minorities) ]
- ② Adjusted Leverage ratio: Moody's Adjusted Financial Leverage

(1) AXA, Allianz, ZFS, 2011

(2) Calculated as EBIT/interest expenses on financial debt

## Debt structure (2011, %)



§ Generali has more senior debt relative to peers

ü Reduce the weight of senior debt

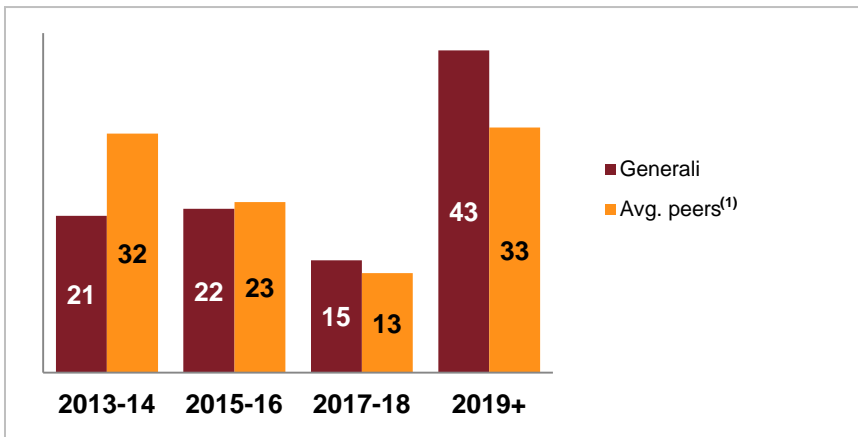
§ We will seek to diversify sources of funding

ü Look at retail in addition to institutional

ü Look at US\$ / SG\$ markets in addition to €/\$

§ Disposal proceeds might also be used partially to repay debt

## Distribution of bonds by maturity/call date (%)



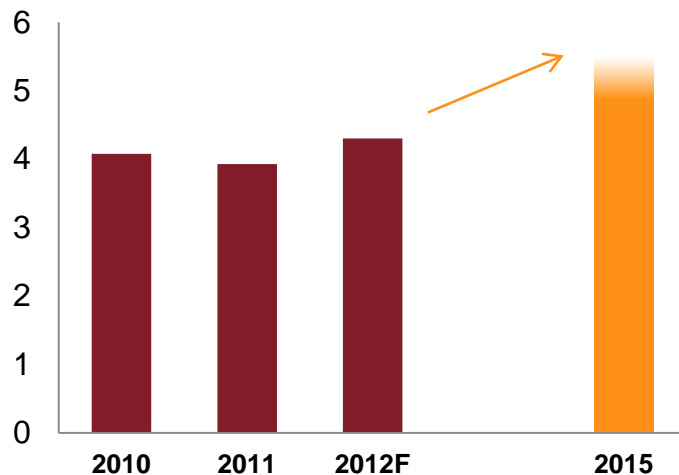
(1) Allianz, AXA, Zurich

### Operating RoE target > 13% over the cycle

#### Profitability ambitions

- § We will manage the business to achieve operating RoE <sup>(1)</sup> of at least 13% over the cycle
- § Translates into operating profit of more than Euro 5 bn

#### Operating profit (Euro bn)



#### Key Levers

##### § Emphasis on P&C

- ü Strong and resilient earnings
- ü Further focus on technical excellence
- ü Shift of group business mix to P&C

##### § Strict profit focus in Life

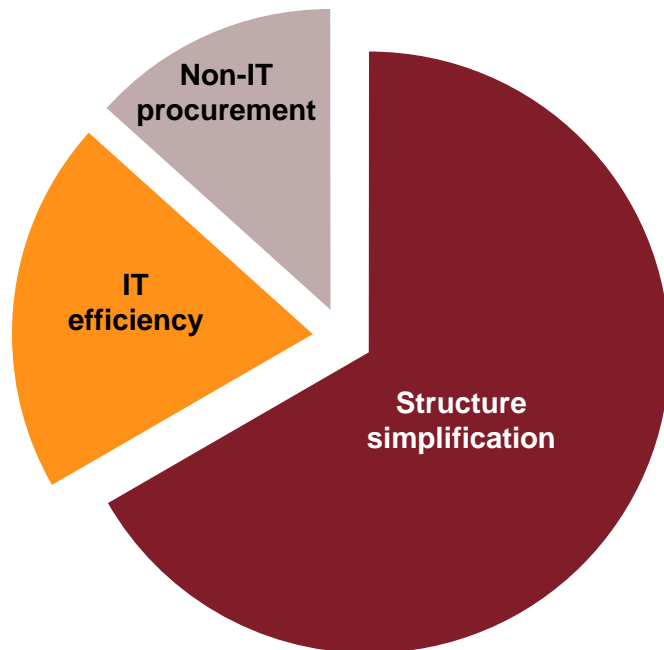
- ü We will give up premium volume for profitability if necessary
- ü Ex-ante product approval and post-approval monitoring

##### § Cost control

- ü Exercise constant vigilance on costs
- ü Euro 600 m of savings indentified by 2015

(1) Operating profit after interest expense and tax / average shareholders equity excl. AFS reserves. Over the cycle target.

### Identified actions to reduce expenses\* by Euro 600 m in 2015



#### Main drivers

##### Structure simplification

- § Simplification of processes
- § Removal of duplication
- § Merger of entities
- § Optimisation of sales networks

##### IT efficiency

- § Centralised procurement of IT hardware, software
- § More efficient / centralised data warehousing solutions
- § Telecommunication costs

##### Non-IT procurement

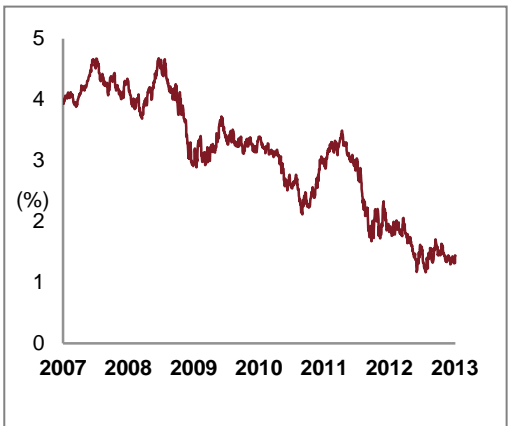
- § Creation of centralised Group procurement function

\* Administrative expenses and non commission related acquisition costs



# 3 A tough market backdrop for insurers...

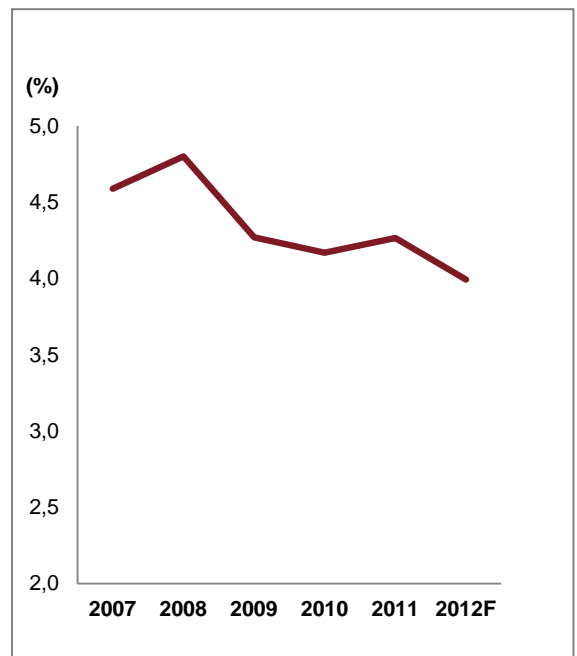
**German bund, 10 years**



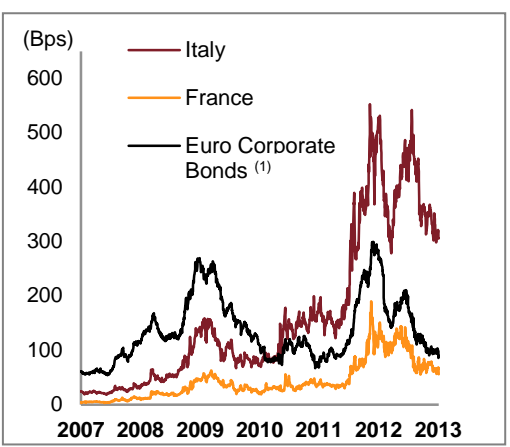
**European equities (MSCI EMU Index TR, 2007=100)**



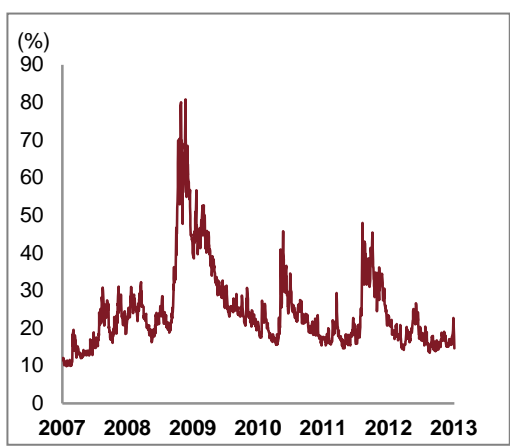
**Generali's current yield on investments**



**Spreads over 10 year bund**



**Market volatility<sup>(2)</sup>**



Source: Bloomberg as at 03.01.2013

(1) Based on FTSE Euro Corporate Bonds 7 to 10 years average yield  
 (2) VIX Index

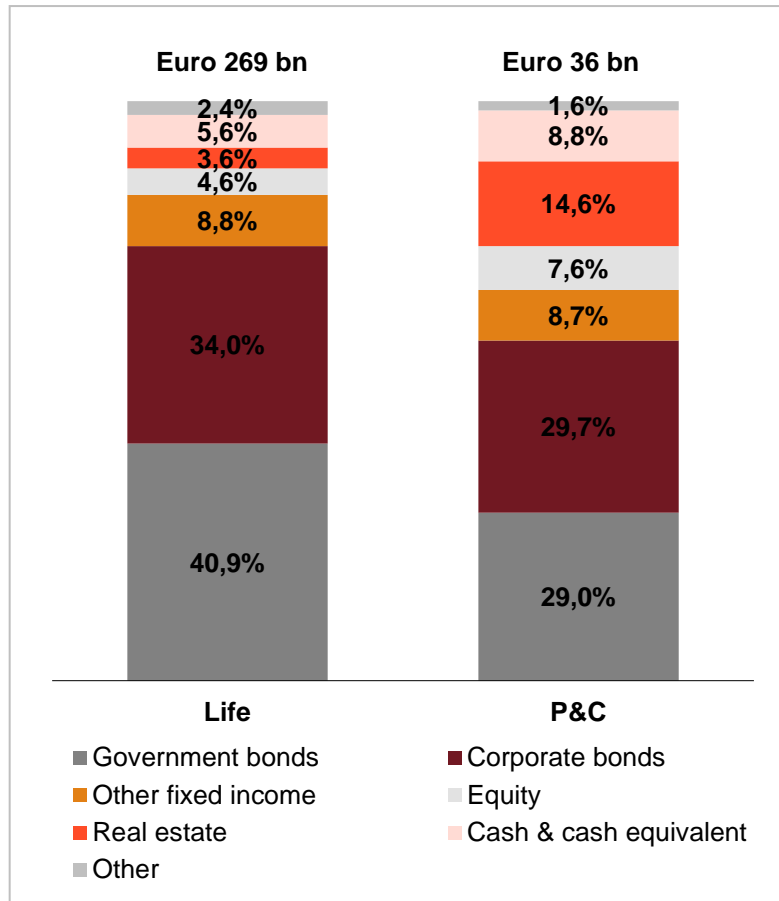


## Our investment approach

### Strict discipline is key

- § New Group investment policy guidelines to be implemented
- § Risk budgets at portfolio level
- § Risk capital constraints at entity level
- § Active ALM (with new Group monitoring function)
- § Very high hurdle rates for complex / illiquid assets

## Investment structure (9M 2012)



## Comments

## § Concluded asset de-risking

- ü Group cross-border exposure to peripheral European Sovereign debt reduced
- ü Excess cash to be invested in coming months

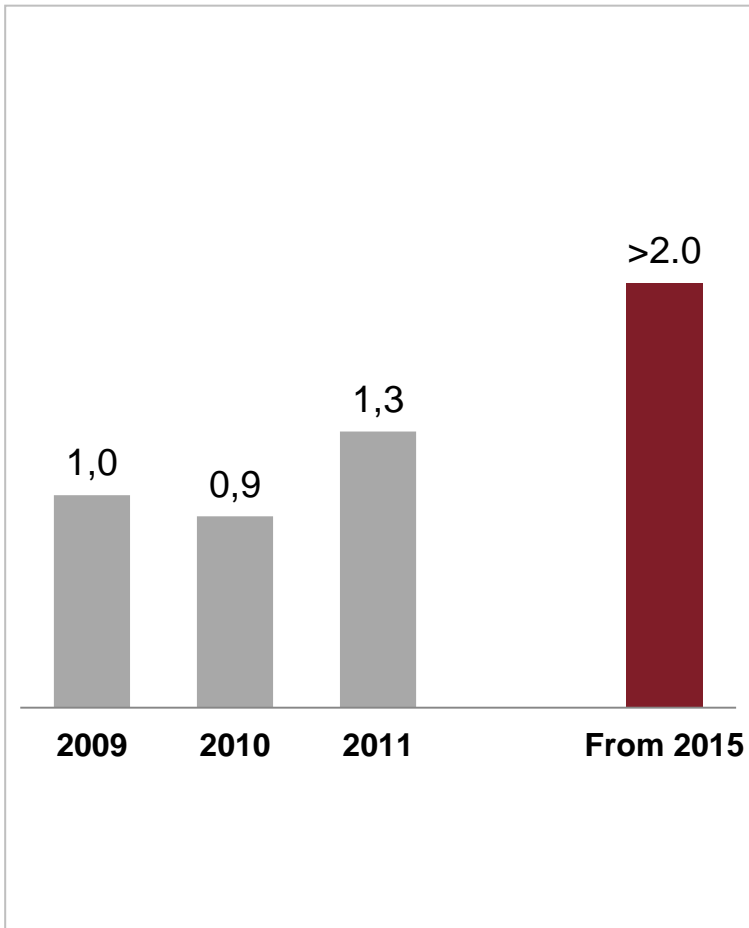
## § Comprehensive portfolio review

- ü Detailed review of all alternative asset investments
- ü Detailed review of top 60 equity positions
- ü Detailed review of real estate portfolio
- ü Review of other balance sheet positions
- ü Process ongoing - we will conclude with the full year results in March

## 4 Improve cash flow from own business

36

### Free cash flow before dividend (Euro bn)



### Comments

- § Enhanced expected cash flow generation driven by:
  - ü Earnings mix shift towards P&C, more cash generative
  - ü Careful management of profit sharing
  - ü Incorporation of payback periods within new Life ex-ante product approval process
  - ü Centralised purchasing of reinsurance
- § Increased focus on remittance
  - ü Setting up centralised treasury function

### Acquisition of 49% in GPH

- n 25% participation in GPH (the “First Tranche”) transferred to Generali on 28-Mar-2013
- n 24% participation in GPH (the “Second Tranche”) transferred to Generali on or about end of 2014
- n First Tranche transferred at a price of Euro 1,286 m; use of proceeds by PPF
  - ü Payment of ~51% of the principal (Euro 2,099 m)
  - ü Netting of ~51% of the principal under the Euro 400 m bonds issued by PPF and subscribed to by Generali (the “Bonds”)
- n Second Tranche transferred at a price of Euro 1,235 m; use of proceeds by PPF
  - ü Payment of all outstanding claims under the Facility and
  - ü Netted against all outstanding claims under the Bonds
- n Generali will gain full managerial control of GPH following the transfer of the First Tranche
- n Required regulatory and antitrust authorisations

### Swap between Ingosstrakh Stake and PPF Partners

- n Acquisition of 51% economic participation and 100% voting participation in PPF Beta (which controls a 38.5% stake in Ingosstrakh)
- n Transfer of LP interests in PPF Partners 1 Fund and 27.5% stake in PPF Partners to vehicles indirectly connected to the PPF Group shareholders and PPF Investments



## Indicative impact on capital of the transaction (before bond issue)

38

ACTIONS	TIMING	SOLVENCY I	ECONOMIC SOLVENCY
<b>GPH – acquisition of tranche 1</b>	March 2013	- 7 %pts	- 3 %pts.
<b>GPH – acquisition of tranche 2</b>	End 2014	- 7 %pts	- 3 %pts.
<b>Overall impact</b>		<b>- 14 %pts</b>	<b>-6 %pts.</b>

The above figures exclude the subordinated debt issue in December (approx. 7%pts positive impact on both measures).  
Expected impacts based on balance sheet as at 9M 2012

1

**Strengthen capital and leverage ratios:** > 160% Solvency 1 target, with long term “AA” philosophy

2

**Enhance profitability:** >13% Operating RoE over the cycle

3

**Disciplined and conservative approach to investments**

4

**Focus on cash flow generation:** > Euro 2 bn cash flow from 2015

# Towards industrial excellence

**Sergio Balbinot**  
Group Chief Insurance Officer



LONDON, FOUR SEASONS HOTEL - JANUARY 14<sup>th</sup>, 2013



## Steers and controls the industrial performance of the Group

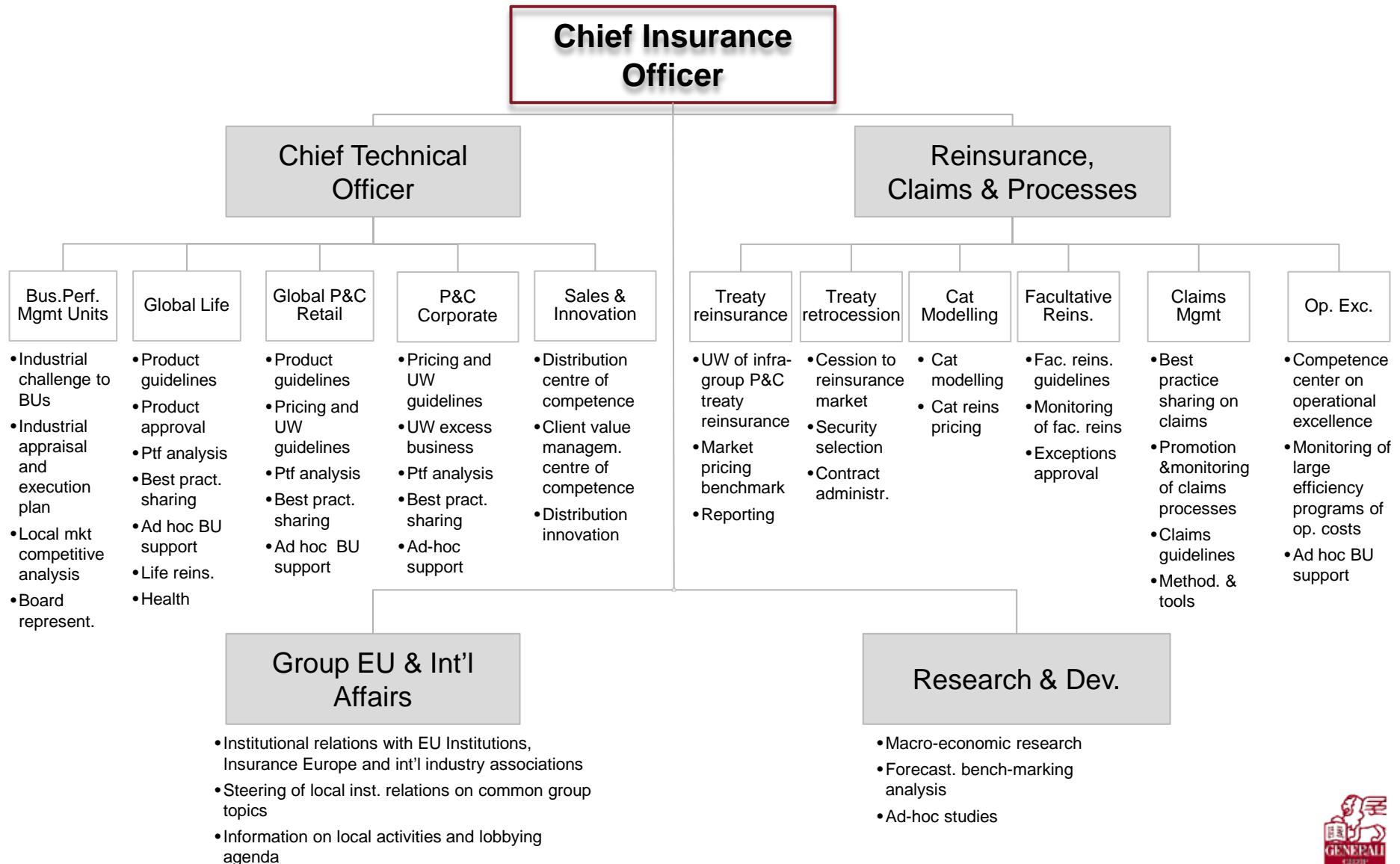
### The guiding principles

- 1 **Outstanding technical performance**
- 2 **Operational excellence**
- 3 **Reinsurance optimisation**
- 4 **Distribution excellence and customer value**

### Technical and operational excellence is an unchanged ambition

- § **The past:** Governance and internal structures hampered implementation
- § **The future:** One Chief Insurance Officer dedicated and empowered to drive change

# Chief Insurance Officer: new organisation structure



## Strategic priorities

### Raising the bar of technical ambition

- § Structured performance review
- § Product excellence
  - ü Group Guidelines (Life, P&C UW limits)
  - ü Group ex-ante life product approval process
- § Group Reinsurance
  - ü 100% Group treaty reinsurance acceptances
  - ü Optimizing fac. reinsurance management

### Increasing customer value

- § Maximise the value extracted from the customer base (retention, cross/up-selling)
- § Target new customer segments

### Enhancing commercial effectiveness

- § Channel management
- § Direct channel and bancassurance opportunities

## How to achieve them

### Building capability

- § Strengthening capabilities in all core areas of the business (technical, distribution) in order to achieve the highest level of competitiveness in each market
- § Foster value-adding and business-driven exchange of knowledge and best practices throughout the Group

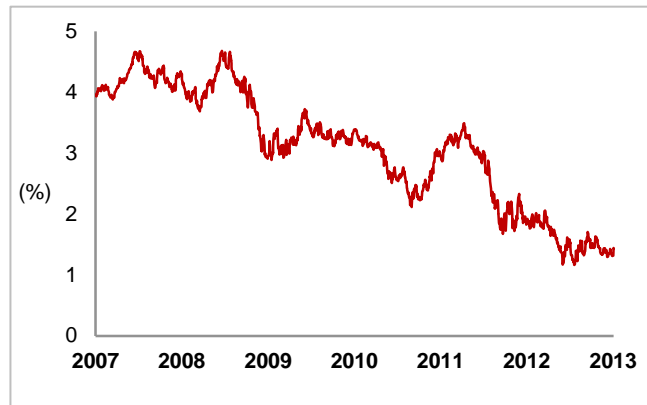
### Performance management

- § Strengthen the role of corporate centre
  - ü in a quarterly business performance review
  - ü and addressing issue/gaps of technical performance at local level
- § The quarterly discussions are based on a common set of technical metrics

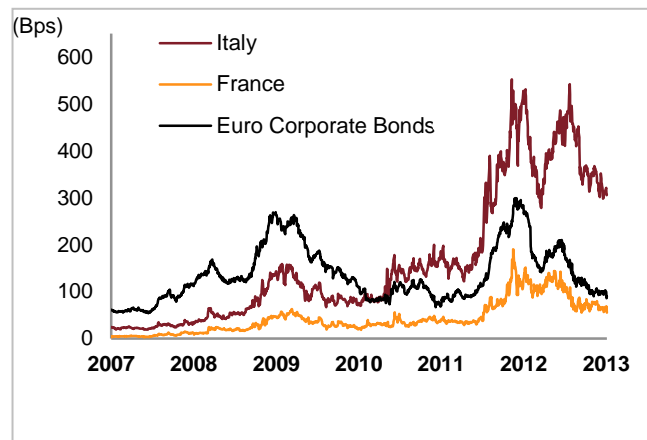
## The roadmap

<b>Business performance</b>	<b>Life</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>§ Increase life value and reduce capital absorption</li> <li>ü Rebalancing business mix</li> <li>ü Limit capital deployed on guarantees</li> <li>ü Disciplined approach for profit sharing and credit rates</li> </ul>
	<b>P&amp;C</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>§ Rebalance the mix towards P&amp;C</li> <li>ü Enlarge Corporate &amp; Commercial segment</li> <li>ü Develop Accident &amp; Health offer</li> <li>§ Enlarged scope for technical programs</li> </ul>
	<b>Customer</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>§ Enhance Customer value (present and potential) as driving metric</li> </ul>
	<b>Distribution</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>§ New direct initiatives (mainly in emerging markets) leveraging on European direct channel expertise</li> <li>§ Exploit Bancassurance potential in emerging markets</li> <li>§ Tied Agents Excellence</li> </ul>
<b>Product excellence</b>	<b>Ex ante life product approval</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>§ Starting from 2013, new centralised ex-ante life product approval</li> </ul>
	<b>Stricter P&amp;C UW policy</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>§ New product development guidelines</li> <li>ü Minimum set of tariff drivers</li> <li>ü Corporate UW authorities</li> </ul>
<b>Reinsurance</b>	<b>Reinsurance</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>§ Fully centralised treaty reinsurance</li> <li>§ Optimisation of facultative reinsurance management</li> </ul>

## German bund, 10 years



## Spreads over 10 year bund

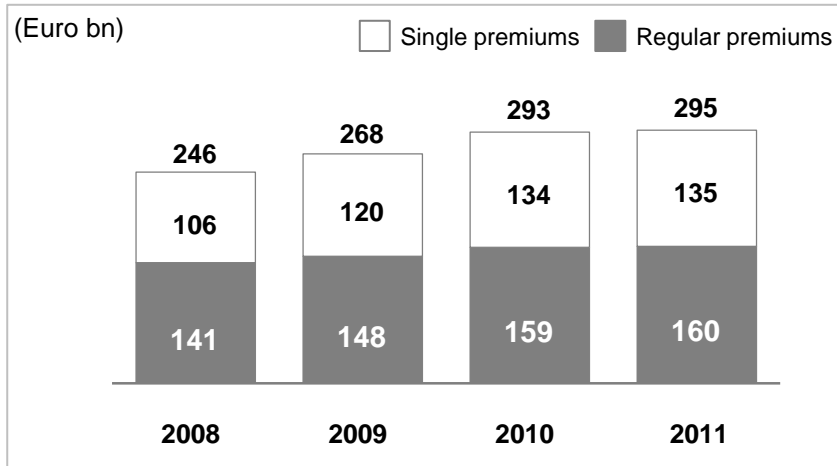


Source: Bloomberg as at 03.01.2013

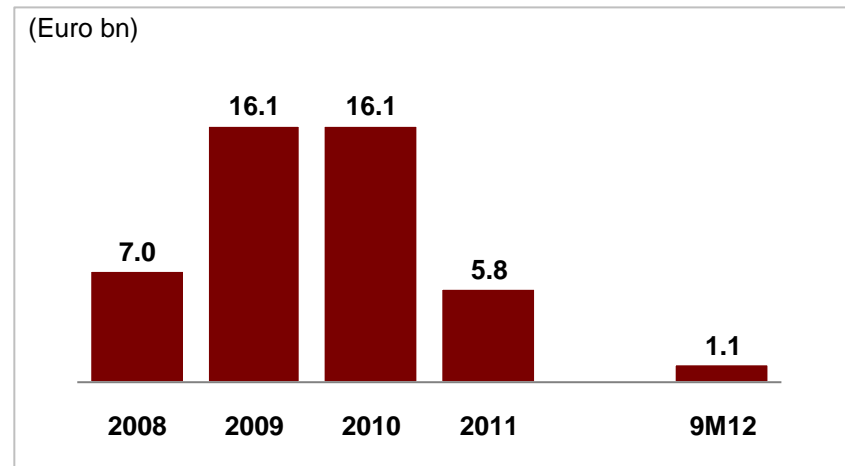
## Impacts on life market

- Current macro economic environment and low interest rates impacting life business, both on volumes and on value
- Increased competition from banks
- Less available personal wealth
- But Life business still holds significant potential for future value accretive growth
  - ü withdrawal of state pension systems
  - ü underdeveloped protection business
- Need for a “through the cycle” approach

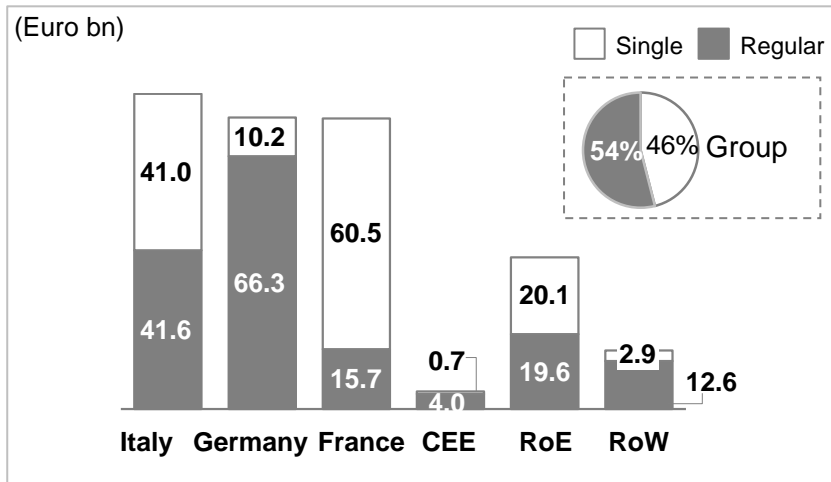
## Increasing life reserves ...



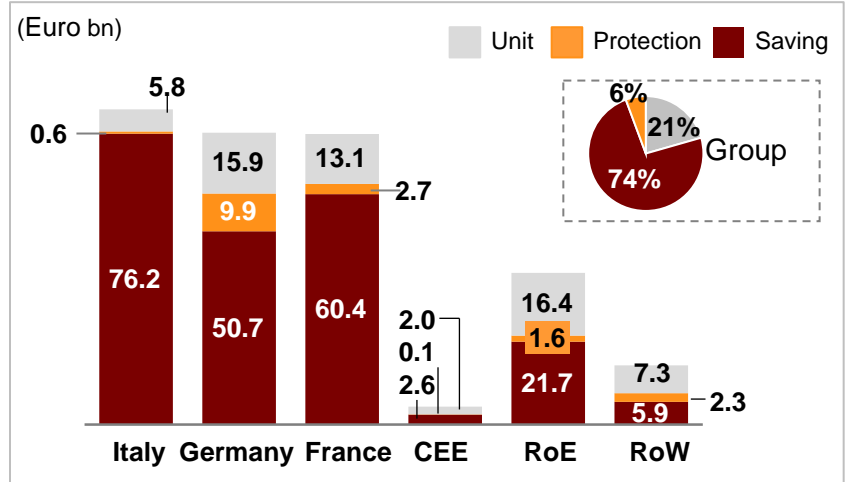
## ... fuelled by positive net inflows



## Life reserves by country & type of premium (FY 2011)



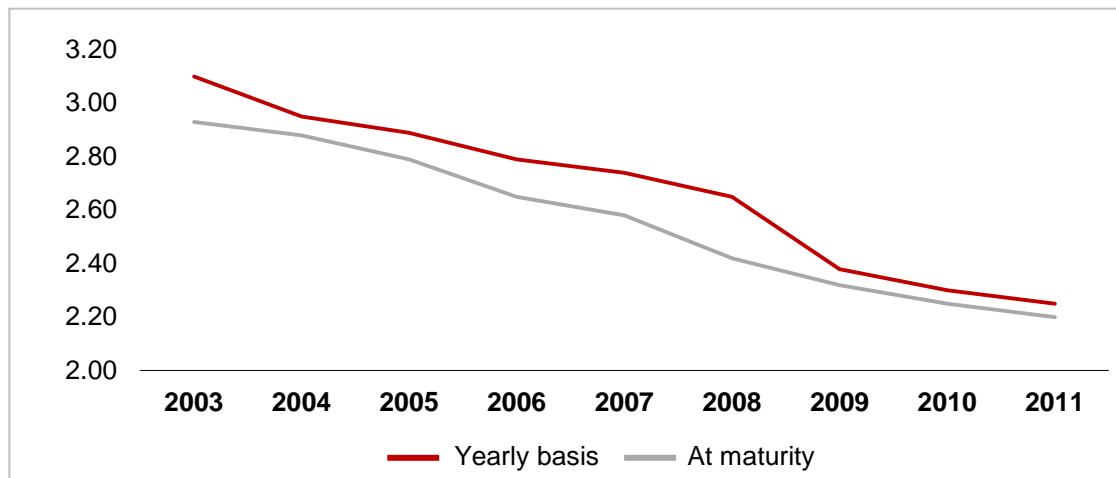
## Life reserves by country & product (FY 2011)



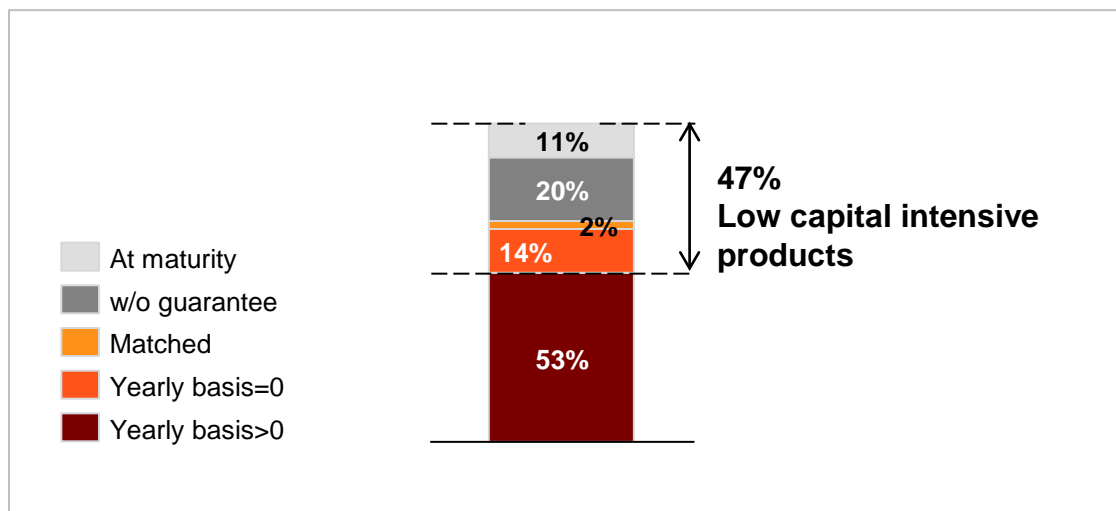
Note: all figures net of minorities, except net inflows which are gross



## Reserve guarantee development (%)



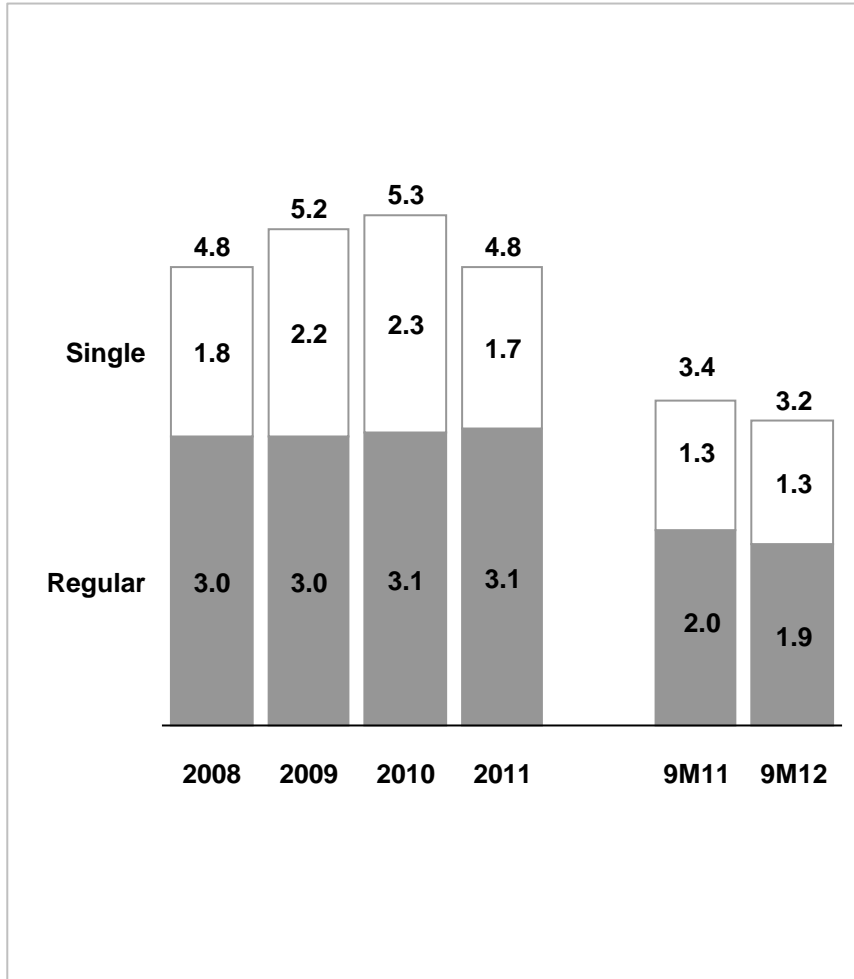
## Life reserves by type of guarantee (FY 2011)



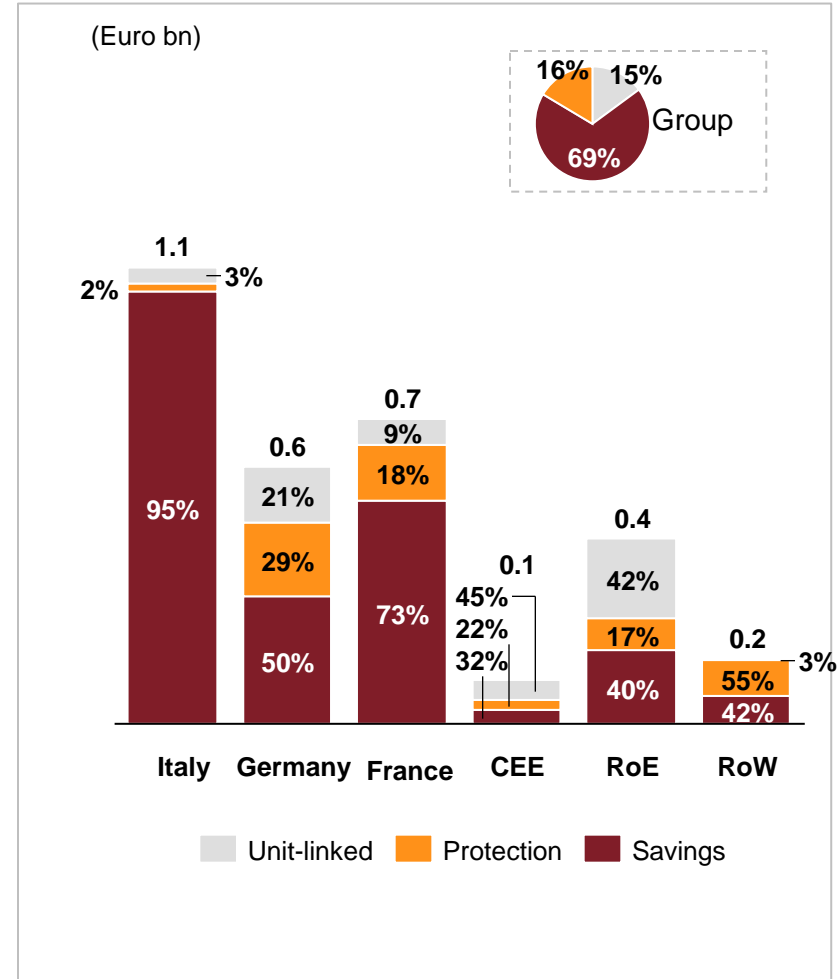
## Highlights

- Over the last 8 years portfolio average guarantee has reduced by about 90 bps
- The share of “at maturity” guarantee has reached 11%
- Reserves of products with zero guarantee increased by more than 40% over the last 4 years
- Roughly 50% are low capital intensive products
- Healthy buffer from interest rate return to average minimum guaranteed

**APE development: stable regular premiums (Euro bn)**



**9M 2012 APE by country & product (Euro bn)**



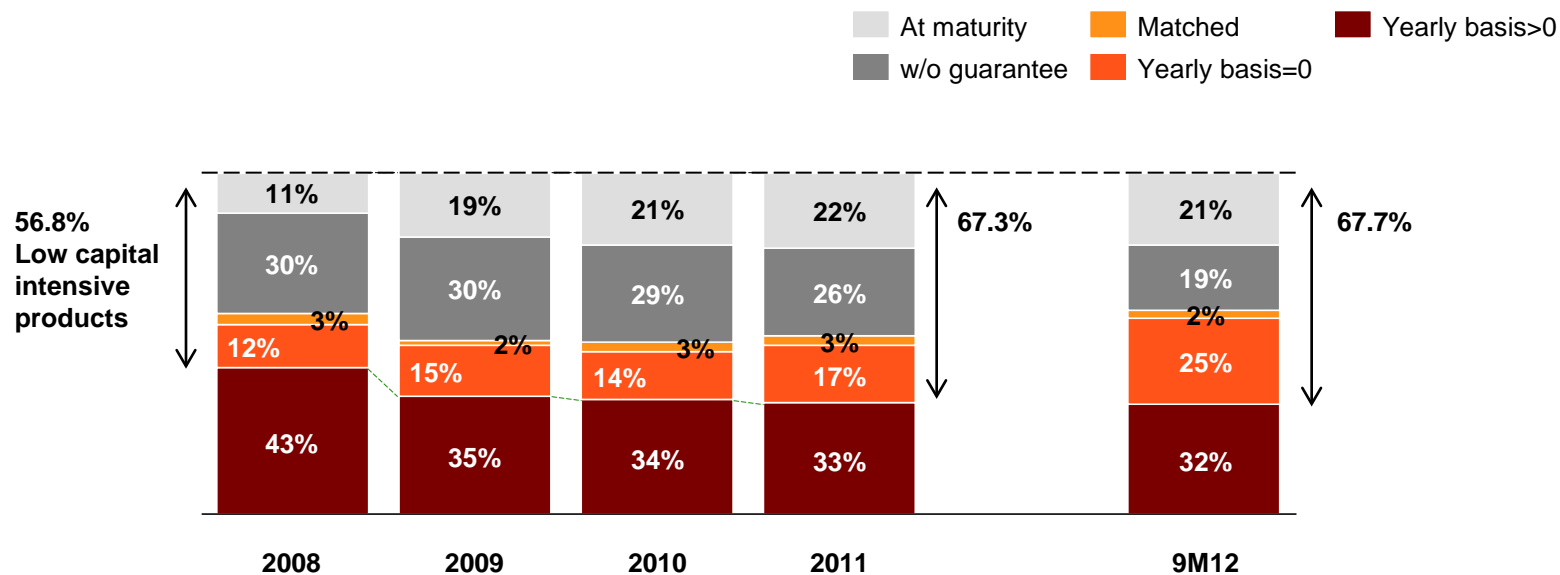
Note: 9M figures are pro-forma for the disposal of Migdal. Figures may not add due to rounding





## Increasing share of low capital intensive products

### APE by type of guarantee



Average Guarantee	2008	2009	2010	2011	9M12
Average Guarantee	1.56%	1.56%	1.58%	1.62%	1.37%
Yearly basis	1.50%	1.37%	1.39%	1.45%	1.12%
At maturity	1.90%	2.04%	2.01%	2.00%	2.06%

## Profitability enhancement

- § Emphasis on both technical sources of profit and safeguarding financial margin in low interest environment
- § Business managed to foster long-term economic value creation through more stringent metrics

## Key levers

- § Rebalance product mix
- § Optimise product design
- § Reduce guarantees and optimise crediting rates
- § Reduce expenses
- § Focus distribution on value creation

## Key metrics

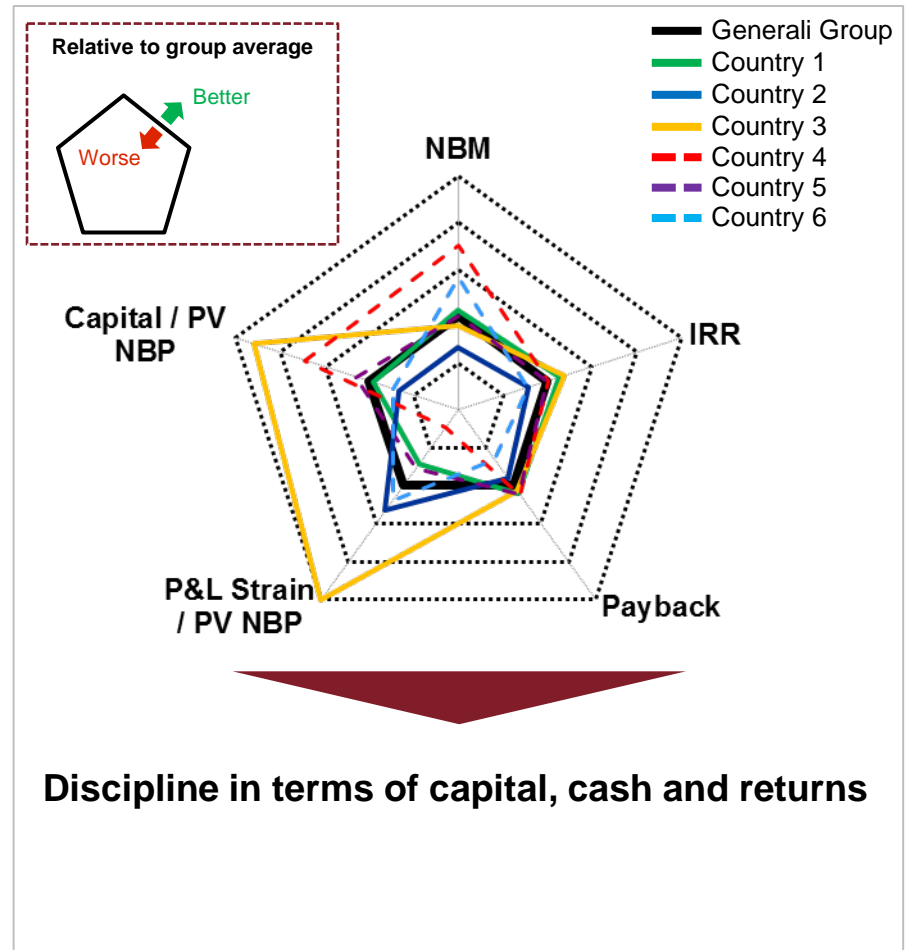
- § Riskiness/capital absorption
- § Profitability
- § Capital remuneration
- § 1st-year P&L impact
- § Payback period



## Guiding principle

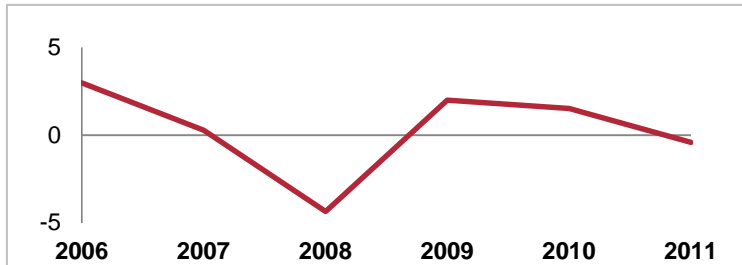
All new products approved by the Corporate Centre and the full range of products open for sale revised twice a year monitoring their profitability against the economic scenario

## Assessment of life product by country (1)

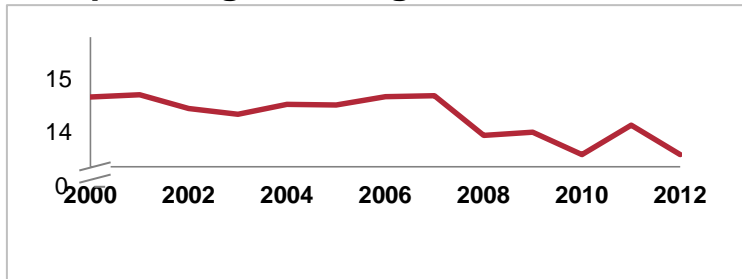


(1) Country lines are relative to the group average indicated

## GDP evolution in Eurozone (%)

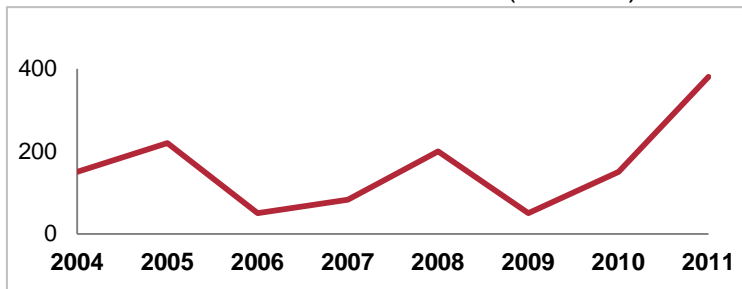


## New passenger car registration in W.E. (m)



Source: ACEA

## World NatCat overall losses (USD bn)



Source: Munich Re

## Trends on P&C market

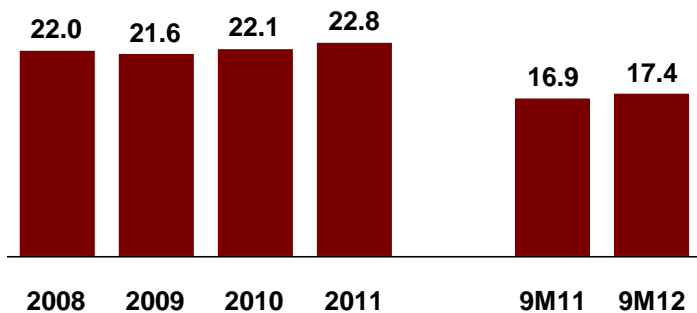
- § The Eurozone GDP performance had a negative impact on the market
  - ü Commercial Lines technical performance has deteriorated as companies are more price sensitive (seek to reduce costs)
  - ü Personal Lines - especially on individual protection - are under pressure due to reduced demand
- § Falling vehicle registrations have also put the Motor Line under pressure due to increased competition
- § The property segment has been negatively affected by events: recession - that generates fraudulent claims spikes - and an increase in NatCat Losses - that generates higher loss ratio and higher cost of reinsurance



## Not only growth but also focus on portfolio profitability

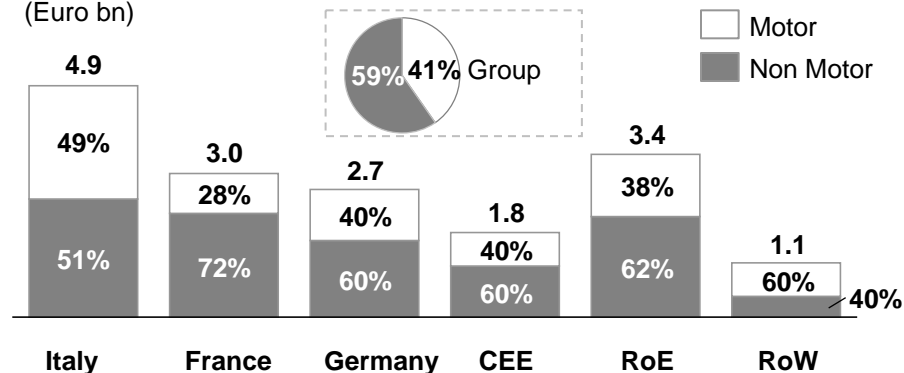
### GWP development

(Euro bn)



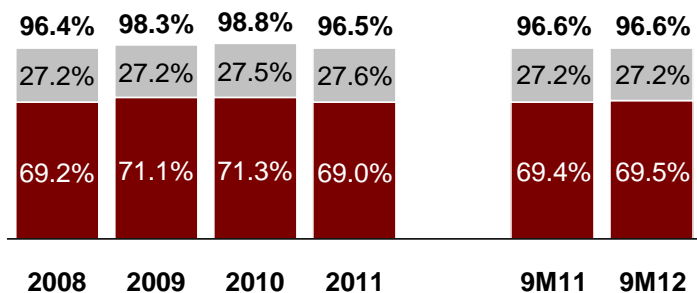
### Gross direct premiums by country (9M 2012)

(Euro bn)



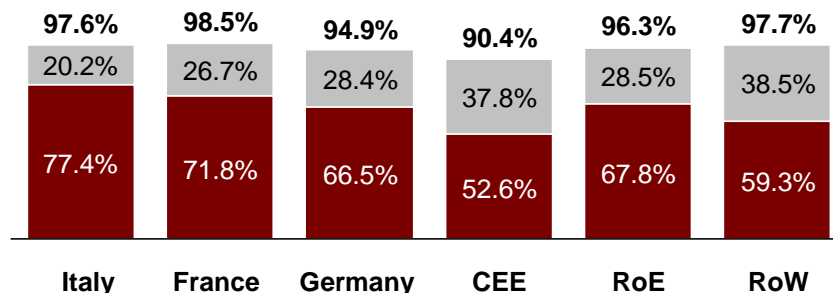
### Combined ratio development

(%)



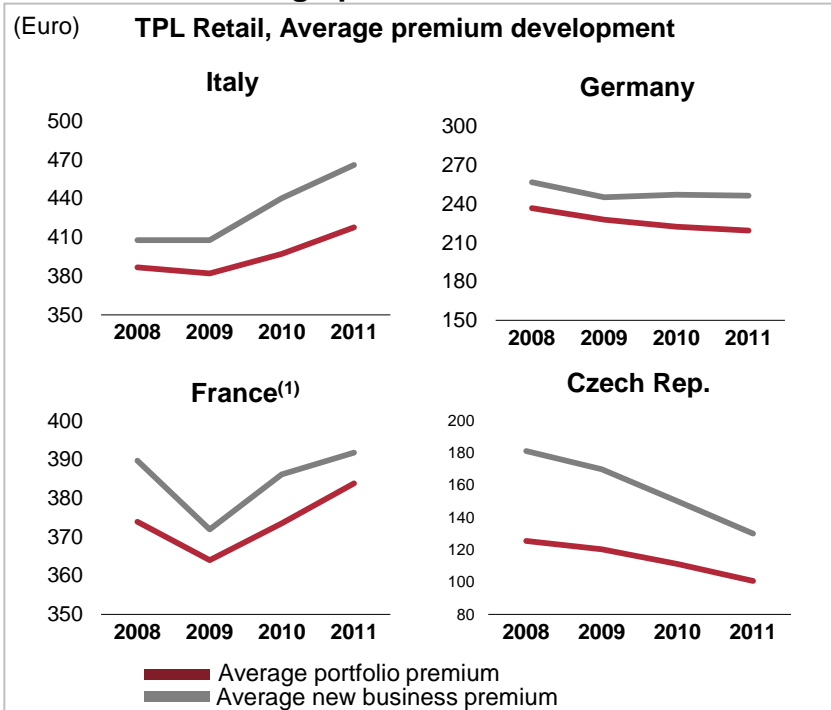
### Combined ratio by country (9M 2012)

(%)



■ Expense ratio ■ Loss ratio

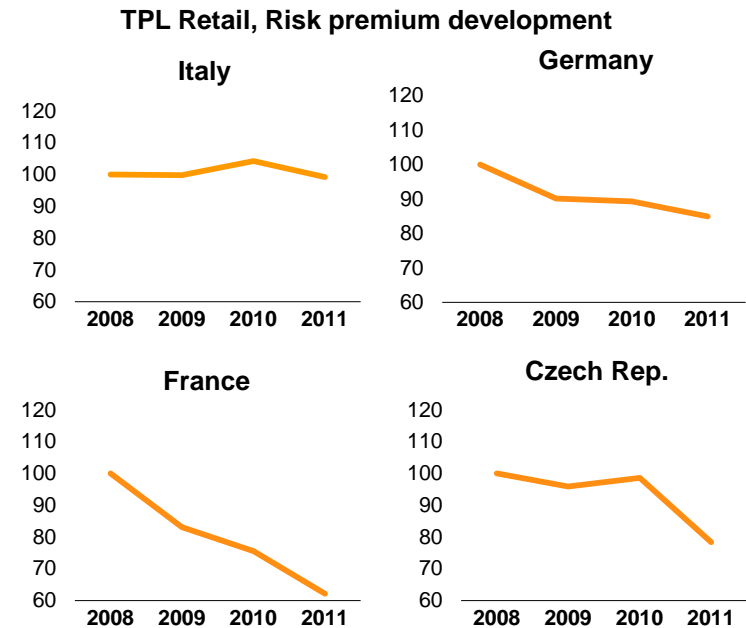
## Pressure on Average premium ...



- § Clear signs of portfolio average premium growth in some key countries, consequence of a more benign competitive environment
- § Still competitive pressure on portfolio average premium in countries with high technical margins
- § Commercial constraints to a more aggressive implementation of price increases at renewals in some jurisdictions

(1) TPL and other combined

## ...largely compensated by Risk premium decrease



**Claims frequency**, key driver of the risk premium improvement, due to external and internal factors in most of the countries:

- § improved road-safety conditions
- § improved quality of insured vehicles
- § more strict traffic control
- § economic crisis and fuel cost increase

**Average cost of claim** under control thanks to improved claims settlement process:

- § mitigation of material damage claim inflation (e.g. Bodyshop agreements)
- § reduced litigation for bodily injury claims

Risk premium = Claims frequency x Average cost of claim



## Create Value

- § Increase weight of P&C in our portfolio
- § Foster technical excellence to improve performance

## Improve current profitability

- § **Pricing:** greater sophistication in pricing (more discrimination of individual risk profiles) to spin a virtuous cycle of portfolio cleaning and better risk selection/attractiveness over time
- § **Claims management:** stronger “leakage” reduction and better service to fairly retain customers
- § **Reinsurance:** centralisation of choice on risk retention (treaty cessions) and less use of facultative to increase retention on profitable contracts

## Capture new opportunities

- § **Expand our presence in A&H,** particularly in emerging markets
- § **Grow presence in Commercial & Corporate segment,** serving medium sized companies at international level, leveraging our global presence

## Strong Group commitment to technical expertise

### Technical initiatives based on new designing principles

- § Extended scope by geography and LoB
- § Stringent application
- § Direct link with budget

### Pricing - key levers

- § Driver selection
- § Fleet pricing
- § Innovation
- § Capital absorption optimisation
- § Customer relationship management
- § Life time value
- § Portfolio management



### Claims management - key levers

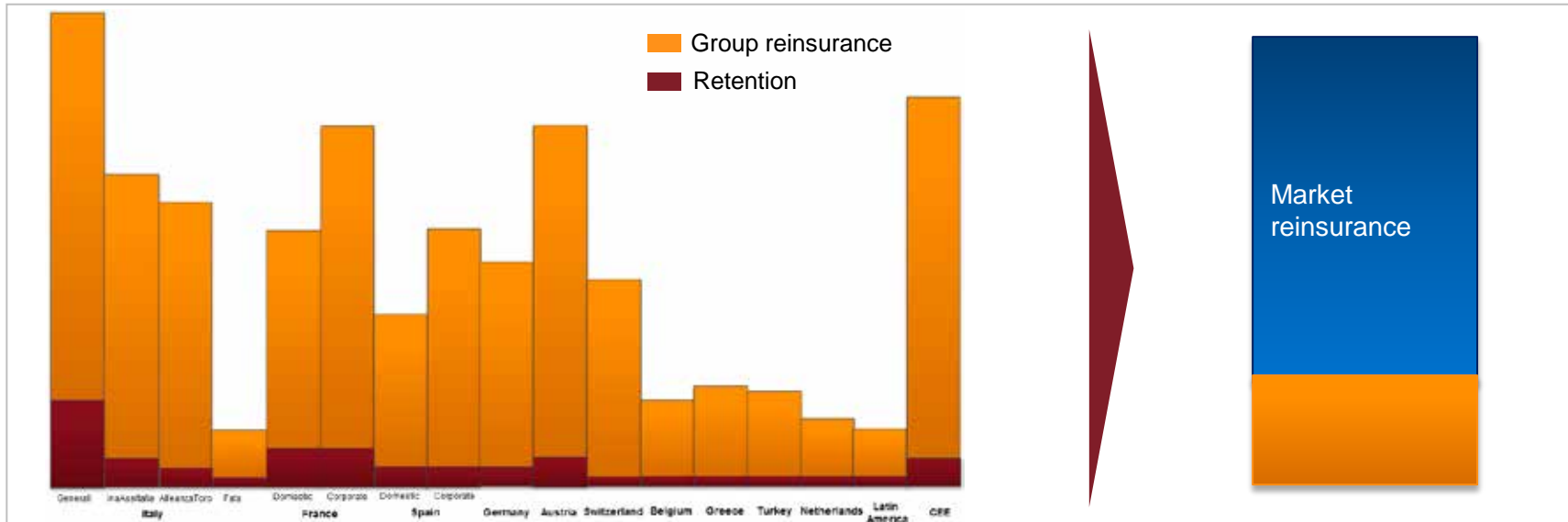
- § Body shop management
- § Bodily injury management
- § Fraud management
- § Wreck and remain management
- § Partner cooperation management
- § Proactivity and customer care



## Full centralisation and optimisation of treaty reinsurance, from 2013

### Moving from local ...

Country view



### ... to Group protection

Group reinsurance view

### The rationale

Reinsurance in P&C is a key tool in the strategic management of Risk capital

Risk transferred via reinsurance allows:

- § Significant capital saving
- § Reduced volatility of bottom line in a given period

### The benefits

Geographical spread and diversification allow the implementation of **Group reinsurance model aiming at more efficient capital management**

- § Allowing a reduced need of capacity at Group level
- § Increasing the Group risk retention
- § Increasing the purchasing power of the buyer

## New reinsurance structure ...

- § Internal reinsurance provided at market terms and conditions, in compliance with requirements of local regulators and fiscal authorities
- § Performance of Group subsidiaries unaffected by internal reinsurance
- § Exceptions adopted for joint ventures or markets with regulatory constraints
- § Facultative reinsurance process further strengthened in the coming years

## ... maximising group efficiency

- § Maximum efficiency and diversification benefit
- § Centralised management of Group risk appetite
- § Control of Group reinsurance expenditure
- § Optimisation of cycle management for reinsurance
- § Improvement of counterparts credit risk management

## Client value maximisation

## Key levers

<b>Leverage on our most valuable asset</b>	§ <b>Strengthen retention</b>	§ Mapping Group best practices in customer value management
	§ <b>Increase cross &amp; up-selling</b>	§ Identification of the drivers for extracting customer potential and codification of guidelines for action
	§ <b>Optimise customer satisfaction</b>	§ Development of country specific action plans
	§ <b>Customer value measurement</b>	§ Monitoring of the performance in customer value management

## Channel excellence

## Key levers

<b>Effective multi-channel management</b>	<b>TRADITIONAL NETWORKS</b>	§ Modern sales processes, tools and front-end applications
	§ <b>Consolidate leadership, increase efficiency &amp; effectiveness of traditional networks</b>	§ Innovative value-based compensation schemes
		§ Sales force lifecycle management
		§ Efficient resource allocation through sales force performance-based segmentation
	<b>DIRECT &amp; MULTI-ACCESS</b>	§ Seamless integration with other channels
	§ <b>Leverage direct presence and develop multi-access</b>	§ Reduced time to market
		§ Digital enabled services
		§ Best-in-class performance levels
	<b>BANCASSURANCE</b>	§ Strong integration with bank operating model
	§ <b>Develop Bancassurance opportunities</b>	§ Innovative product offering
		§ Customer base exploitation
		§ Current & new partnerships full potential exploitation

**Strong commitment on industrial excellence**

**Raising the bar of Life and P&C technical ambition**

**Increasing customer value**

**Enhancing commercial effectiveness**

# Final remarks

**Mario Greco**  
Group Chief Executive Officer



LONDON, FOUR SEASONS HOTEL - JANUARY 14<sup>th</sup>, 2013

## Reshaped approach to maximise value creation

- 1 Focused on core insurance business, with greater contribution from P&C**
- 2 Stronger capital position and disciplined balance sheet management**
- 3 Superior customer acquisition and retention, with focus on retail and affluent space**
- 4 Consistent technical excellence and tight control of costs**



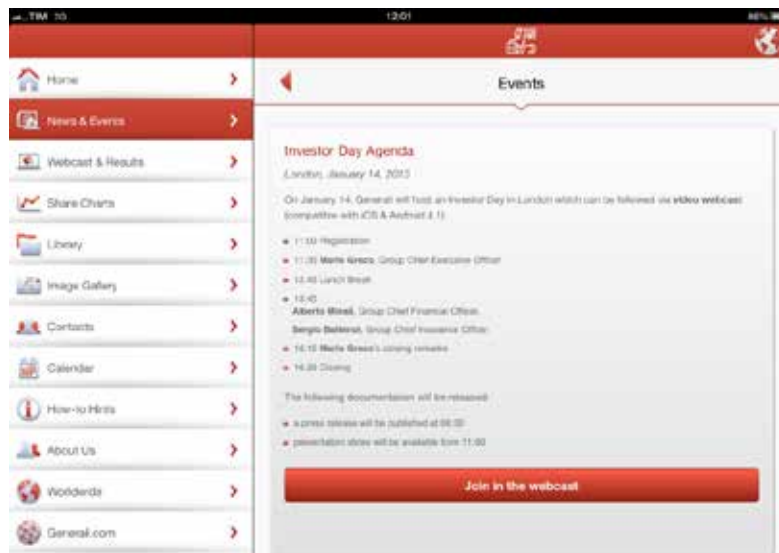
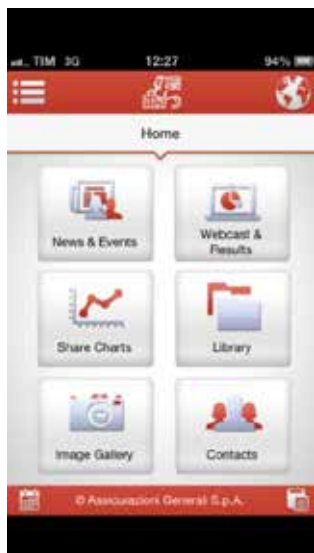
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top quartile shareholder returns and profitability**

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March 14, 2013 - **FY 2012 Results**

April 30, 2013 - **General Shareholders' Meeting**

May 10, 2013 - **1Q 2013 Results**

August 2, 2013 - **1H 2013 Results**

November 8, 2013 - **9M 2013 Results**

November 27, 2013 - **Investor Day**



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These expectations are based on management's current views and assumptions and involve known and unknown risks and uncertainties.

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The manager charged with preparing the company's financial reports, Alberto Minali, declares, pursuant to paragraph 2 of article 154-bis of the Consolidated Law on Financial Intermediation, that the accounting information contained in this presentation corresponds to document results, books and accounts records.



GENERALI GROUP

# INVESTOR DAY



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LONDON, FOUR SEASONS HOTEL - JANUARY 14<sup>th</sup>, 2013